ZHDANOV, G.B., glevnyy red.; IVANENKO, I.P., sam.glevnogo red.;

SYROVATSKIY, S.I., otv.red.tome; KHDENOV, B.A., zam.red.tome;

GERASIMOVA, H.M., red.; HIKISHOV, A.I., red.; ZETERPIN, V.I.,

red.; DORMAH, L.I., red.; TULINOV, V.F., red.; ZEDOROV, V.M.;

VAVILOV, Yu.H., red.; ABRASIMOV, A.T., red.; FRADKIN, M.I.,

red.; zd-ve; BRUZGUL!, V.V., tekhn.red.

[Radiation belts of the earth. Primary cosmic radiation and its properties and origin] Radiatsionnyi poias Zemli. Pervichnoe kosmicheskoe izluchenie, ego svoistva i proiskhozhdenie. Hoskva, Izd-vo Akad.nauk SSSR, 1960. 258 p. (Trudy Mezhdunarodnoi konferentsii po kosr cheskim luchem, no.3)

1. International Conference of Cosmic Radiation. (Cosmic rays)

Bivalvular mollusk Cyprina islandica (L.), its geographical distribution and role in the communities of benthic fauna. Trudy Inst. okean. 46:201-216 '61. (MIRA 14:6) (Atlantic Ocean—Lamellibranchiata)	ZATSEPIN,	V.I.; FILATOVA, Z.A.			
	of agricultural difference is	bution and role in the okean. 46:201-216	he communities of benthic far 61.	una. Trudy Inst. (MIRA 14:6)	

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9.9843 AUTHORS

Denisov, Ye. V., Zatsepin, V. I., Nikol'skiy, S. I., Pomanskiy, A. A., Subbotin, B. V., Tukish, Ye. I.,

Yakovlev, V. I.

TITLE:

Observation of nuclear-active particles and electron-photon avalanches with energies greater than 10^{12} ev at a height of 3860 m above sea level

PERIODICAL: Zhurnal eksperimental noy i teoreticheskoy fiziki, v. 40, no. 2, 1961, 419-425

TEXT: The nuclear-active and electron-photon component of high-energy cosmic radiation were studied to obtain additional data on the nature of

nuclear interaction at energies $\geq 10^{13}$ ev. The observations were made in 1959 on the Pamir. The detector consisted of four rows of ionization chambers between which were placed lead and carbon, and over which were 10 hodoscope groups containing 12 counters (330 cm² each). Besides, two cylindrical chambers were placed at a distance of 7 m from the middle of this setup, a hodoscopic point and detector of the energy density of the Card 1/3

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Observation of nuclear-active ...

electron-photon component were at a distance of 18 m from the center and served to study the fluctuations of the particle flux. If the axis of the extensive atmospheric shower hits the recording area of the detector, the number of particles in the shower may be determined from the formula N=1000 Q, where Q is the effective particle density of the particle flux per m^2 . Assuming that in every event, nucleons and pions impart 1/3 of their energy to the new resulting pions, the energy of the nuclear-active particles was found to be given by $E = 2.3 \cdot 10^8 N^{1.04}$ ev which holds for the range 1011 ev E = 5.1014 ev. In this energy range, the nuclear interaction cross section does not decrease with the increasing energy of the nucleons involved. From a comparison with the experimental data of other papers, the integral energy spectrum of the nuclear-active particles in the range $10^{12} \div 10^{13}$ ev can be expressed in the form $f(E) \sim E_{1x}^{-n}$, where $n = 1.57 \pm 0.1$. For energies of nuclear-active particles <10¹³ ev, the energy spectra are determined from the spectral form of the primary particles with the help of the mean free path for nucleon interaction and the value of the inelasticity coefficient. In the intermediate range, the

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Observation of nuclear-active.

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energy spectrum is not an exponential function, and is determined from the fluctuation in the number of collision events and in the value of the inelasticity coefficient, and also from the accuracy of energy measurement in each individual event of the recording of nuclear-active particles. Professors N. A. Dobrotin and G. T. Zatsepin are thanked for discussions; G. Ya. Goryacheva, G. V. Grishina, G. V. Minayeva, L. A. Miroshnichenko, A. M. Mozhayev, N. M. Nesterova, V. I. Sokolovskiy, and A. Ye. Subbotina are thanked for participation in the work. There are 4 figures and 7 references: 6 Soviet-bloc and 1 non-Soviet-bloc.

ASSOCIATION: Fizicheskiy institut im. P. N. Lebedeva Akademii nauk SSSR (Institute of Physics imeni P. N. Lebedev, Academy of Sciences USSR)

SUBMITTED: July 12, 1960

Card 3/3

ZATSEPIN, V.I.

Communities of bottom invertebrates of the Murman Coast of the Barents Sea and their relation to the North Atlantic communities. Report No.1. Trudy Gidrobiol. ob-va 12:245-344 162. (MIRA 15:12)

1. Kafedra gidrobiologii Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta.

(Murman Coast-Benthos)

38867

S/056/62/042/006/032/047 B104/B108

3.2410

AUTHORS:

Zatsepin, V. I., Chudakov, A. Ye.

TITLE:

Spatial distribution of the intensity of Cherenkov radiation

in extensive atmospheric showers

PERIODICAL:

Zhurnal eksperimental'noy i teoreticheskoy fiziki, v. 42,

no. 6, 1962, 1622 - 1628

TEXT: The Cherenkov radiation generated by extensive atmospheric cosmicray showers on two observation levels of different altitudes is calculated. The angular and energy distributions of the electrons in the showers are adopted from the cascade theory of electron-photon showers. The shower axis meets the earth's surface at the point O (Fig. 1), the radiation pickup is at D, the figure OBCD lies in the drawing plane, the figure OO'A'B in a plane perpendicular to the drawing plane. The intensity of light generating electrons with energies between E and E +dE at the point D is determined. Numerical results obtained for showers from primary protons and photons of various energies are given (Table). There are 4 figures and 1 table.

Card 1/20 -

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/15/2001

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Spatial distribution of the ...

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B104/B108

SUBMITTED: January 17, 1962

Table. Numerical results. Legend: (1) Primary particles energy, (2) dictance between chower axis and pickup, meters (Fig. 1), (3) total number of electrons in the shower, (4) total number of photons in the shower, (5) sea level, primary photon, (6) sea level, primary proton, (7) 3860 m above sea level, primary photon, (8) 3860 m above sea level, primary proton.

Fig. 1

ACCESSION NR: AP4043647

8/0056/64/047/002/0689/0696

AUTHOR: Zatsepin, V. I.

TIPLE: Angular distribution of the intensity of Cerenkov radiation from extensive cosmic ray air showers

SOURCE: Zh. eksper. i teor. fiz., v. 47, no. 2, 1964, 689-696

TOPIC TAGS: cosmic ray shower, Cerenkov radiation, angular distribution, proton reaction, energy distribution

ABSTRACT: The angular distribution of the intensity is calculated for the Cerenkov radiation produced in the earth's atmosphere by extensive air showers of cosmic rays. Knowledge of this angular distribution is important from the point of view of optimizing the experimental conditions (optimizing the signal to noise ratio and the accuracy of the determined angular coordinates). The purpose of the calculation was to determine the number of light quanta,

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within a certain wavelength interval, incident on a unit surface of the earth at a given distance from the axis of the shower and in a direction from any given point on the celestial sphere. It is also of independent interest to ascertain the amount of information that can be obtained from this angular distribution. The calculations were made for showers arriving from the zenith, and for observation conditions prevailing at sea level and at 3860 meters above sea level. The results were obtained with the aid of an electronic computer and are valid only for showers whose directions are close to the zenith. The primary proton energies range from 1.5 x 103 to 4.5 x x 106 Bev. The numerical results were compared with the known experimental data. It is concluded that, since the maximum intensity of the light from the shower does not coincide with the direction of arrival of the primary particle, it becomes necessary to photograph the shower simultaneously from several positions in experiments in which the angular coordinates of the primary particle are determined by photographing the light flash from the shower. If the dis-

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ACCESSION NR: AP4043647

tance from the shower axis to the detector is determined from independent data, an analysis of the shape of the light flash from the shower and its total intensity gives information both about the initial energy of the primary particle and about the position in the atmosphere of the shower maximum, and can thus be used for the analysis of fluctuations in the development of showers in the atmosphere. "I thank A. Ye. Chudakov for suggesting the topic and for helpful discussions." Orig. art. has: 8 figures, 11 formulas, and 1 table.

ASSOCIATION: Fizicheskiy institut im. P. N. Lebedeva Akademii nauk SSSR (Physics Institute, Academy of Sciences SSSR)

SUBMITTED: 02Mar63

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Card 3/3

CHUDAKOV, A.Ye.; DADYKIN, V.L.; ZATSEPIN, V.I.; NESTEROVA, N.M.

Search for 1013 ev. photons emanating from local radio sources.

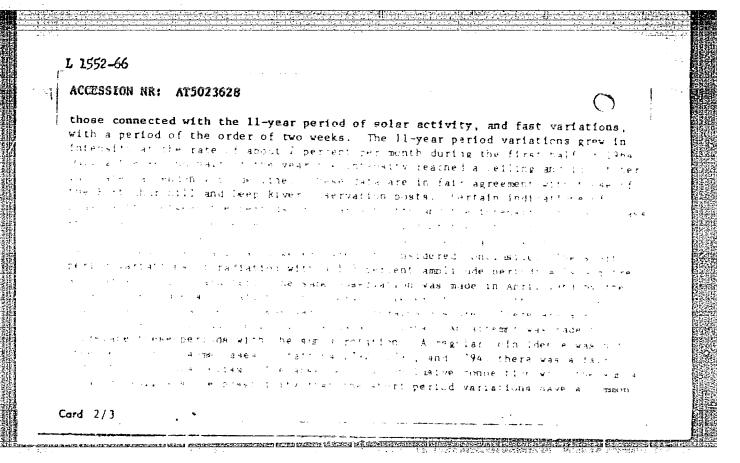
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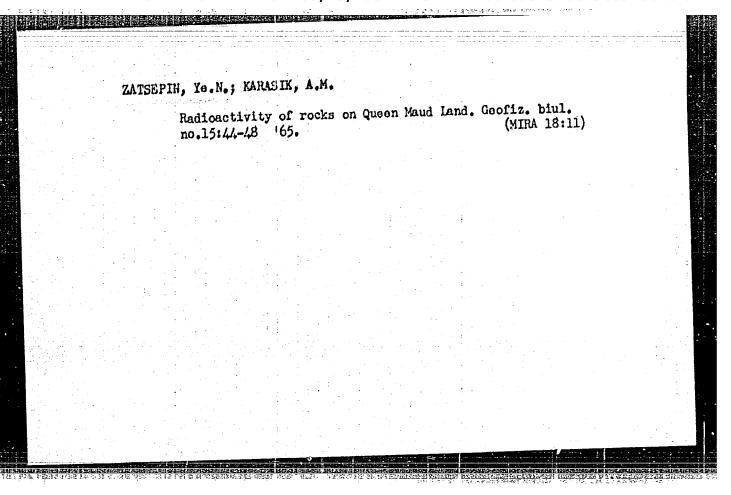
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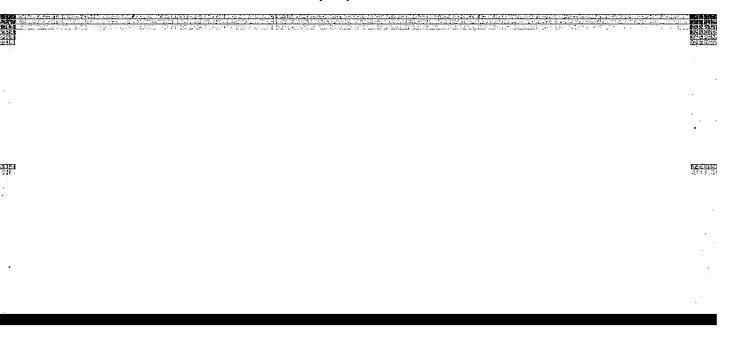
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ZATSEPINA, G.N.

AUTHOR: TITLE:

ZACEPINA, G.N., LAZAREVA, L.E., POSPELOV, A.N. PA - 2031

The Angle- and Energy Distribution of the Photoneutrons

emerging from Bi. (Russian)

Zhurnal Eksperimental'noi i Teoret. Fiziki, 1957, Vol 32, Nr 1,

pp 27-30 (U.S.S.R.) Received: 3 / 1957

Reviewed: 3 / 1957

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ABSTRACT:

PERIODICAL:

The treatise in question studies with the method of thick layer emulsions the distribution of the energy of the photoneutrons flying out of bismuth at different angles in relation to the direction of the X-ray bundle. Measurings were taken on the 30 MeV synchrotron of the Physical Institute of the Academy of Sciences with a maximum energy of the X-rays (E = 18,9 MeV).

A drawing demonstrates the arrangement of the experiment and of the photo plates during the irradiation. The dose of the X-rays was measured with a thin integral ionization chamber. The mean value of the background was 10 to 160 at the different angles.

On the occasion of microscopic investigation only those recoil protons were registered which were scattered against the moving direction of the neutrons into small angles. The necessary corrections are shortly mentioned. The number of the protons recorded on the plates which were arranged at angles of 30, 90, 150 and 2700 amounted to 2605 after deduction of the

Card 1/3

The Angle- and Energy Distribution of the Photo- PA - 2031 neutrons emerging from Bi. (Russian)

background. A diagram illustrates the spectra of energy I(E) of the photo neutrons obtained at the angles mentioned. The spectra of the neutrons obtained at 30° and 150° are equal within the limits of errors. For f radiation SCHIFF'S spectrum was used. The modifications of the spectrum of the X-rays while passing the bismuth test and the non-elastic scattering of the neutrons in the test have not been considered. Consideration of these corrections must increase the relative number of the neutrons with the highest energy. The two spectra calculated according to the statistical theory do not agree with the distributions of energy which were obtained for the photo neutrons emerging from bismuth. The experimental spectra of the neutrons agree with the calculated spectra only within a range of energy of from 1,5 to about 4 MeV. Beyond 4 MeV there is a considerable number of neutrons the yield of which must practically be equal to zero after the model of evaporation. At the angles of 90° and 270° the yield of neutrons with more than 4 MeV is considerably larger than at angles of 30° and 150°. The relative yields of neutrons of different energies are laid down in an index. The angle anisotropy increases considerably

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PA - 2031

The Angle- and Energy Distribution of the Photoneutrons emerging from Bi. (Russian)

with the growing energy of the neutron. The dates obtained here must apparently be considered as the result of two different reciprocal actions of the \(\cap \)-quanta with the nuclei: namely the absorption of the \(\cap \)-quanta with production of a compound nucleus and successive evaporation and of the direct photoeffect.

ASSOCIATION:

Physical Institute "P.N.LEBEDEV" of the Academy of Sciences

of the USSR

PRESENTED BY:

SUBMITTED:

AVAILABLE:

Library of Congress

Card 3/3

IGONIN, V. V., LAZAREVA, L. Ye., LEPESIKIN, A. I., ZATSEPINA, G. N.

"Angular and Energy Distribution of Photoneutrons,"

Lebedev Physics Inst, Acad. Sci. USCR and Saratov State University)

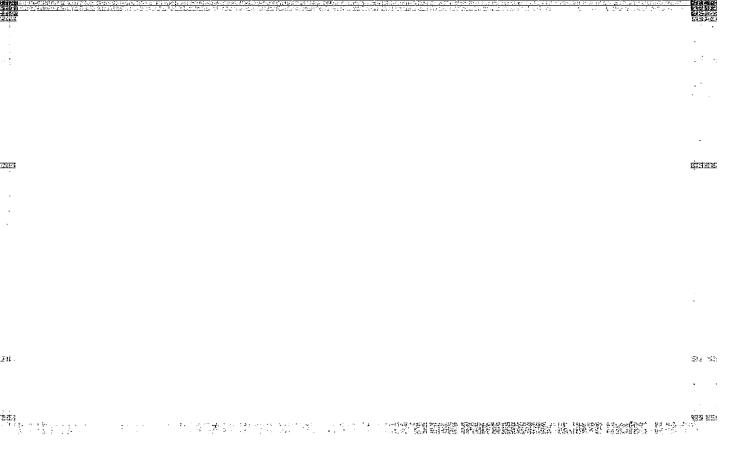
paper submitted at the A-U Conf. on Nuclear Reactions in Modium and Low Energy Physics, Moscow, 19-27 Nov 57.

ZATSEPINA, G.N.; SHNOL', S.E.

Study of the course of adenosinetriphosphatase reaction by the appearance of hydrogen ions in the medium. Biofizika 10 no.1:37-41 '65. (MIRA 18:5)

1. Fizicheskiy fakul'tet Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta imeni Lomonosova i Institut biologicheskoy fiziki AN SSSR, Moskva.

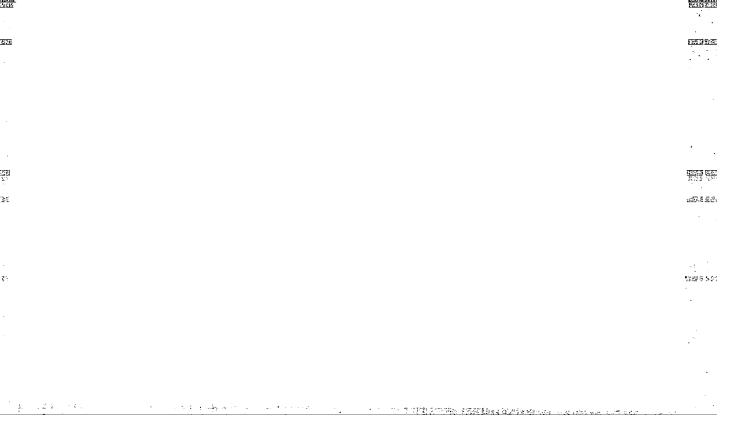




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BARANOV, V.I.; PAVLOTSKAYA, F.I.; FEDOSEYEV, C.A.; TYURYUKANOVA, E.B.;
RODIONOVA, L.M.; BABICHEVA, Ye.V.; ZATSEPINA, L.N.; VOSTOKOVA, T.A.;
Prinimali uchastiye: YEMEL'YANOV, V.V.; BELYAYEVA, L.I.; LEVKINA, N.I.;
MOLCHANOVA, I.V.

Distribution of Sr⁹⁰ on the surface horizon of soils of the Soviet
Union during 1959-1960. Atom. energ. 18 no.3:246-250 Mr '65.

(MIRA 18:3)

	1. 18994-65 EWT(m)/EWP(t) Pob DIAAP/IJP(c) JD
	ACCESSION NR: AP5014016 UR/0089/65/018/003/0246/0250 26
	AUTHOR: Baranov, V. I.; Pavlotskaya, F. I.; Fedoseyev, G. A.; Tyuryukanova, E. B.; Rodionova, L. H.; Babicheva, Ye. V.; Zatsepina, L. H.; Vostokova, T. A.
	TITLE: Distribution of Sr90 over the ground layer in Soviet Union from 1959-1960
	SOURCE: Atomnaya energiya, v. 18, no. 3, 1965, 246-250
	TOPIC TAGS: strontium, isotope, soil, soil property
	ABSTRACT: Data are given on the distribution of Sr ₉₀ in the Soviet Union during 1959-60. Observations indicated the tendency of Sr to latitudinal distribution with maximum concentration at 50 to 30° latitude. The mean content of Sr in the
	upper layer of the soil (5 and 15 cm in depth) was 14.1 and 17.8 \(\rho C/km^3\) respectively. The amount of Sr in the soil did not increase during 1960. The migration of Sr in goil layer depends mainly on the terrain and geochemical conditions.
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	ASSOCIATION: none SUBHITTED: 06Feb64 EXCL: 00 SUB CODE: NF, ES
	HO REP 50V, 006 OTHER: 014 NA
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TTURYUKANOVA | E.B.; PAVIOTSKAYA, F.I.; TYURYUKANOV, A.N.; ZATSEPINA, L.N.;
BABICHEVA, Ye.V.; RODIONOVA, L.M.

Migration and distribution of strontium-90 and cerium-144 in the soils of Moscow Province. Pochvovedenie-no.10:66-73 0'64.

(MIRA 17:11)

1. Institut biokhimii i analiticheskoy khimii imeni Vernadekogo.

ZATS	SEPINA, L.P.		30	
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	Critical Phenomena and Fluctuations SOV/5469		
	COVERAGE: The book contains 24 of the 26 reports read at the Conference on Critical Phenomena and Fluctuations in Solutions organized by the Chemical Division of Roscow State University, January 26-28, 1960. The reports contain results of investigations carried out in recent years by Soviet physicists, gations carried out in recent years by Soviet physicists, chemists, and heat power engineers. The Organizing Committee of the Conference was composed of Professor Kh. I. Amirkhanov, of the Conference was composed of Professor Kh. I. Amirkhanov, A. Z. Golik, I. R. Krichevskiy (Chairman), V. K. Semenchenks, A. V. Storonkin, I. Z. Fisher, and M. I. Shakhparonov (Deputy Chairman). References accompany individual articles.		
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Shimanskaya, Ye. T., Yu. I. Shimanskiy, and A. Z. Golik [Lal oratory of Molecular Physics, Division of Physics, Klyev State University imeni T. G. Shevchenko]. Investigation of the Critical State of Pure Substances by Tepler's Esthod	171		
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PAVLOTSKAYA, F.I.; FEDOSEYEV, G.A.; BABICHEVA, Ye.V.; ZATSEPINA, L.N.;

TYURYUKAhOVA, E.B.

Methods of determining strontium-90, stable strontium, and calcium in soils and plant regidues. Pochvovedenic no.2:105-112 F '64.

(MIRA 17:3)

1. Institut geokhimii i analiticheskoy khimii imeni V.I.Vernadskogo.

1 05801-67 EWT(m) OD

ACC NR: AT6031240 SOURCE CODE: UR/0000/65/000/000/0001/0021

AUTHOR: Pavlotskaya, F. I.; Zatsepina, L. N.; Tyuryukanova, E. B.;

Baranov, V. I.

76 B+/

ORG: none

TITLE: Mobility and forms of occurrence of atrontium-90, stable strontium, and calcium in turf-podzol

SOURCE: USSR. Gosudarstvennyy komitet po ispol'zovaniyu atomnoy energii.

Doklady, 1965 O podvizhnosti i formakh nakhozhdeniya strontsiya-90, stabil'nogo strontsiya i kal'tsiya v dernovo-podzolistoy i chernozemnoy pochvakh, 1-21

TOPIC TAGS: strontium, calcium, radioactive fallout, stable strontium, strontium mobility, calcium strontium occurrence, stable strontium mobility, calcium occurrence

ABSTRACT: A study was conducted to determine the mobility of fallout strontium-90, stable strontium, and calcium, and the forms in which they occur in different genetic horizons in turfy podzol soils of the forest zone and in chernozem soils of the steppe zone. (Mobility is defined as the ratio between the total amount of the element in water-soluble and exchange states as compared with the amount in an

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acid-soluble solution, expressed in percentage). It was found that in the furrow slice in turfy podzol soils the mobility of strontium-90, stable strontium, and calcium is practically the same and constitutes 90%; in typical chernozem the mobility of radioactive and stable strontium is to an order of 65%, and that of calcium 85%. In virgin soils the same mobility ratios prevail, but at lower values. The observed differences in mobility between turfy podzol loamy soils and chernozem, and between cultivated and virgin lands are mainly a function of the difference in the possibility of their occurrence in a water-soluble state. Furthermore, strontium-90 occurs in a greater degree in the water-soluble state than stable strontium or calcium. Besides the physicochemical properties of soils, a significant effect on the form of occurrence, mobility, and the character of distribution of strontium-90, stable strontium, and calcium in the soil is the source of the element, soil texture (in the case of virgin soils), and the agricultural practices used (in the case of cultivated soils). Thus, the form of occurrence and mobility of the elements discussed in a given soil is a function of the soil's physicochemical composition, its genetic structure, vegetation cover, and amount and composition of the organic component. Orig. art. has: 5 figures and 6 tables. [Based on authors' abstract]

SUB CODE: 08, 20/ SUBM DATE: none/ ORIG REF: 013/ OTH REF: 015/

41037-66 EWT(m) SOURCE CODE: UR/0089/66/020/004/0333/0337 ACC NR: AP6013728 AUTHOR: Pavlotskaya, F. I.; Zatsepina, L. N. ORG: none TITLE: The study of the forms in which certain fission products reach the surface of the Earth SOURCE: Atomnaya energiya, v. 20, no. 4, 1966, 333-337 TOPIC TAGS: radioactive fallout, soil behavior, radio strontium, cesium compound, cerium compound 19 ABSTRACT: In the study of the behavior and forecasting of the migration of radioactive fission products in soil and alimentary chains it is necessary to know the forms in which these materials reached the Earth. Consequently, the authors carried out a study of the radioactive fallout in the Moscow region containing Sr⁹⁰; Ce¹⁴⁴, and Cs¹³⁷. An analysis of the results shows that the distribution between the solvable and unsolvable fractions is fixed by the chemical properties of the isotopes, the amount of the solid phase, and the type of fallout and its physical state. For the three isotopes under study, the order of occurrence within watersoluble states is Sr⁹⁰> Cs¹³⁷> Ce¹⁴⁴. Although the dominant form in which the isotopes UDC: 551.578.9:621.039.71 1/2

are found in solvable form is the cation type (on the average 59, 75, and 86% of the Ce ¹⁴⁴ , Cs ¹³⁷ , and Sr ⁹⁰ fallout, respectively) a considerable portion of these isotopes appear in anion and neutral forms. Radiactive isotopes found within the nonsoluble fallout fractions also participate in the process of migration occurring within the soil-plant cover. Sr ⁹⁰ appears to be the most mobile, and Co ¹⁴⁴ the least mobile. Orig. art. has: 4 tables.
SUB CODE: 18/ SUBM DATE: 14Dec64/ ORIG REF: 014/ OTH REF: 002

ACCESSION NR: AT4040005

S/2789/63/000/051/0003/0013

AUTHOR: Bodunova, L. I.; Zatsepina, L.P.; Solov'yev, A. D.

TITLE: Comparison of the effectiveness of dispersed solutions in a cloud chamber

SOURCE: Tsentral'naya aerologicheskaya observatoriya. Trudy*, no. 51, 1963, 3-13

TOPIC TAGS: meteorology, fog, aerosol, resorcinol, cloud chamber, cloud seeding, fog dispersal, acetone, alcohol

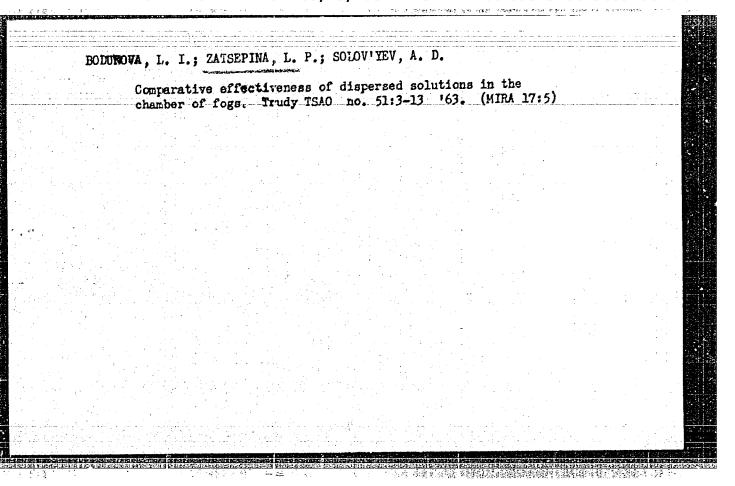
ABSTRACT: A comparison of the effectiveness of solutions of various substances in dispersing an aqueous acrosol was made in the cloud chamber of the Tsentral'naya acrologicheskaya observatoriya (Central Acrological Observatory). The authors formulated and checked a simple criterion which makes it possible to evaluate the effectiveness of soluble substances on the basis of tabulated data on the properties of these substances. The concentrations of the solutions were selected in such a way that equal volumes of these solutions contained identical quantities of particles of the dissolved substances. Sodium chloride was used as a control, since NaCl does not form hydrates and its solution conforms quite well to the Raoult law even at very high concentrations. Tables give the characteristics of the investigated substances and their solutions; the research method is described fully. The results revealed that the only physicochemical characteristic which

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ACCESSION NR: AT4040005

exerted an influence on the effectiveness of these substances was volatility. Experiments on the effect of resorcinol showed that when the mean drop size is several tens of microns the influence of the volatility of the substance on the effectiveness becomes appreciable, provided the vapor pressure of the substance attains 10⁻⁴ mm Hg. Among the highly volatile substances used were acetone, ethyl, butyl and isoamyl alcohols, etc. None of these compounds were effective. This agrees with earlier research which revealed that alcohol and ammonia have virtually no effect on the sedimentation of an aqueous fog. Acetic acid, a slightly volatile substance, had a small effect. The formulated criterion indicates that the effectiveness of dispersed solutions on an aqueous aerosol is determined by the quantity of molecules (ions) of the dissolved substance per unit volume of the solution, on condition that the solution is quite dilute at the end of the process. The method described ensures identical dispersion of solutions with different physicochemical characteristics. It is shown that non-volatile substances, used in equivalent concentrations and with the same dispersion, have a virtually identical fog dispersal effect. The effect decreases with increasing volatility. "The authors express thanks to N. A. Sorokina, who participated in the experiments". Orig. art. has: 4 formulas, 5 figures and 3 tables.

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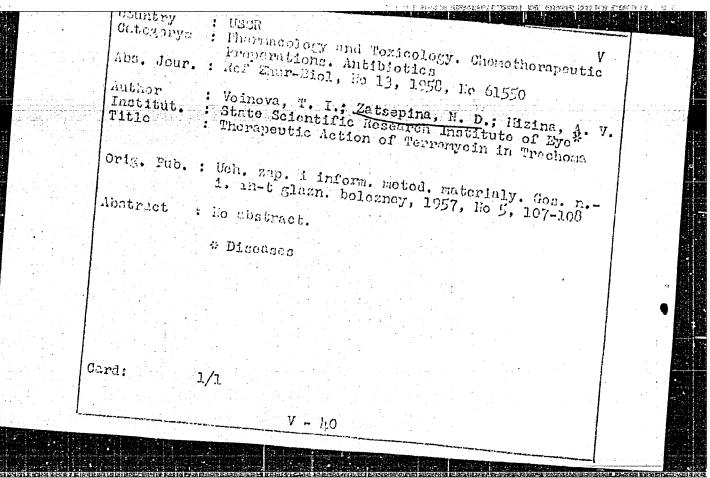
VOYHOVA, T.I., kandidat mediteinskikh nauk; ZATSMPINA, N.D., nauchnyy scirudnik; MIKHIMA, M.V., glavnyy ckulist Nordovskoy ASSR

Treatment of trachoma with synthomycin. Vest. oft. 33 no.6;
13-17 N-D '54. (HIRA 8:1)

1. Is Mauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta glasnykh bolesney imeni Gel'mgol'tsa (dir. chlen-korrespondent AMM SSSR prof. V.M.Arkhangel'skiy)

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(CHICRAMPHENICOL, therapeutic use, trachoma)



VOINOVA, T.I., kand.med.mauk; ZATSEPINA, N.D.; MIZINA, A.V.

Treatment of trachoma with antibiotics. Sov.med. 21 no.9:35-37
S'57.

(MIRA 11:1)

1. Ir Mauchno-iseledovatel'skogo instituta glavnykh bolezney imeni
Gel'mgol'tus (dir. - kandidat meditsinskikh nauk A.V.Roslavtsev)

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(ANTIBIOTICS, ther. use
trachoma)

VOINOVA, T.I., kandidat meditsinskikh nauk; ZATSBPINA, N.D., anuchnyy sotrudnik.;

NIZINA. A.V., glavnyy okulist Mordovskoy ASSH.

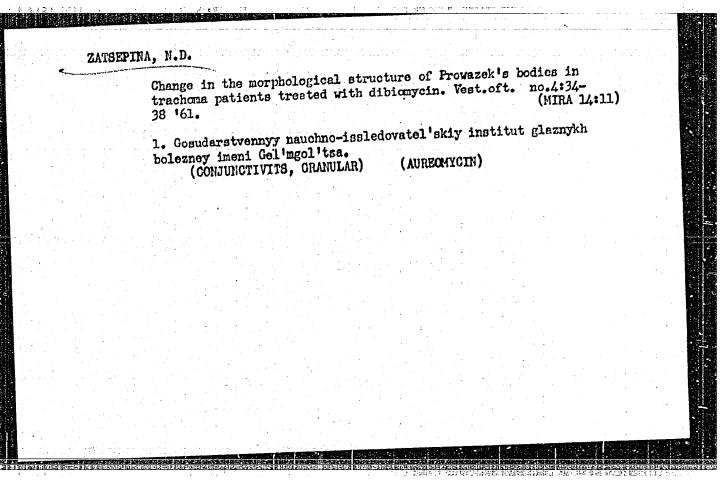
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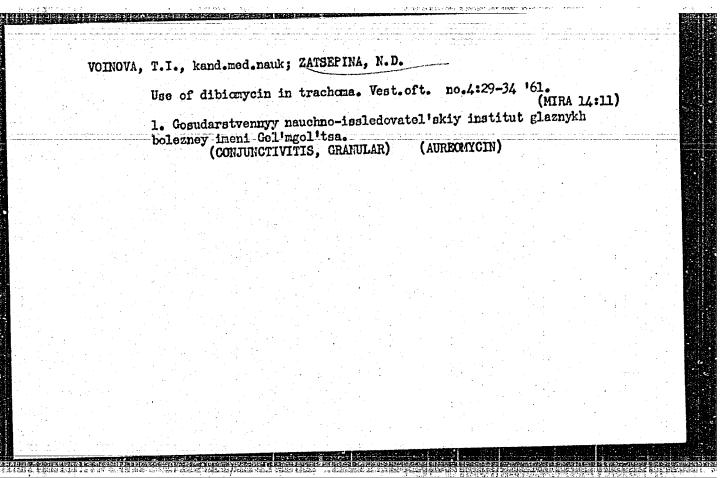
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YERMOL'YEVA, Z.V.; LAZAREVA, Ye.N.; VOINOVA, T.I.; AVER'YANOVA, L.L.;

ZATSEPINA, N.D.

Prospects for the use of dibiomycin in treating trachoma. Antibiotiki (MIRA 15:2)
6 no.9:58-61 S '61.

1. Veesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut antibiotikov i
Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut glaznykh bolezney imoni Gel'mgol'tsa.

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L-34473-66 EWP(1) -WW/JW/RM SOURCE CODE: CE/0070/66/002/001/0023/0032 ACC NRI AP602620L AUTHOR: Tupitsyn, I. F.; Semenova, N. K.; Zatsepina, N. N.; Musakin, A. A. ORG: Institute for Applied Chemistry, Leningrad TITIE: Basic exchange hydrogen reaction of some nitrous heterocycles in liquid ammonia: kinetics, relation with electron structure, mechanism [This paper was presented at the 3rd Conference on Stable Isotopes held in Leipzig in October 1963.] SOURCE: Isotopenpraxis, v. 2, no. 1, 1966, 23-32 TOPIC TAGS: pyridine, heterocyclic base compound, chemical kinetics, ammonia, toluene, radiation chemistry, isotope ABSTRACT: The reactivity of the different positions of the aromatic ring of pyridine quinoline, acridine, and phenazine was studied in the deutero-exchange reaction with the NH₂ + NH₃ (liq.) solution. The rate constants, activation parameters, and kinetic isotope effects were determined. The kinetics of hydrogen exchange in toluene and α - and β -picoline with the solution were also studied. The findings were explained in terms of the carbanionic mechanism. The authors thank A. A. Samakhov and G. G. Gusey who directed the work on the synthesis of the majority of the most useful deutero-compounds. Orig. art. has: 10 tables. [Based on authors' Eng. abst.] [JPRS: 35,397] SUB CODE: 07, 18 / SUBM DATE: 19Jul64 / ORIG REF: 008 / OTH REF: 014 Card 1/1 92

ZATSEPINA, N.N.; TUPITSYN, I.F.; EFROS, L.S.

Hydrogen-isotope exchange in methyl derivatives of nitrogen heterocycles and their N-oxides. Part 2: Reactivity and electron structure of isomeric picolins, their N-oxides, and quaternary selts. Zhur. cb.khim. 34 no.12:4065-4071 D 164 (MIRA 18:1)

Hydrogen-isotope exchange in methyl groups of nitrogen heterooycles derivatives and their N-oxides. Fart 3: Reactivity and electron structure of d methyl substituted heterocycles and their N-oxides. Ibid.:4072-4080

ZATSEPINA, N.N.; TUPITSYN, I.F.; EFROS, L.S.

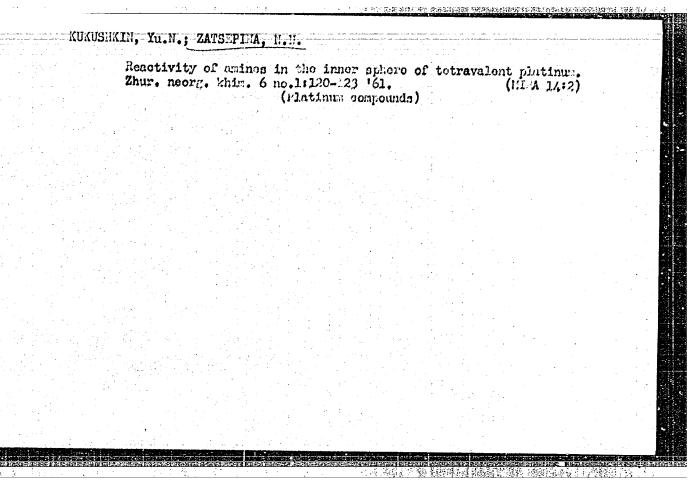
Electronic structure and the rate of deuterium exchange in methyl groups of nitrogen heterocycles and their N-oxides.

Dokl. AN SSSR 154 no.1:148-151 Ja 64. (MIRA 17:2)

1. Gosudarstvennyy institut prikladnoy khimii. Predstavleno akademikom A.N. Tereninym.

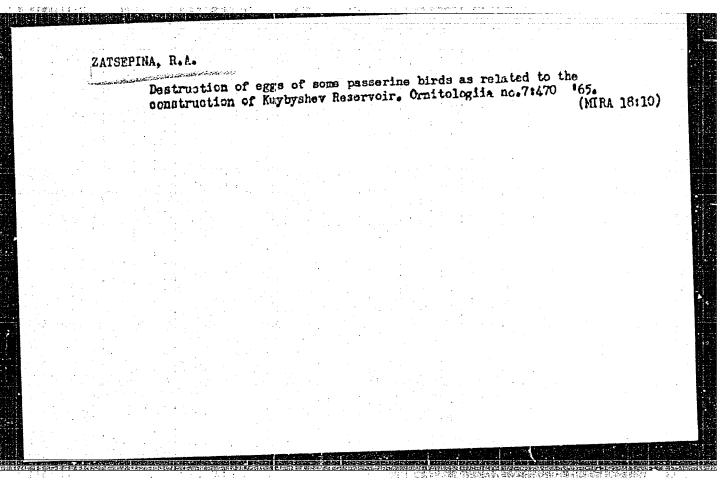
ZATSEPINA, N.N.; TUPITSYN, I.F.; EFROS, L.S.

Isotopic exchange of hydrogen in methyl derivatives of nitrogen heterocycles and their oxides. Part 1: 4-picoline, quinaldine, and their N-oxide. Zhur. ob. khim. 33 no.8:2705-2712 Ag '63. (MIRA 16:11)



SOURCE CODE: UR/0413/66/000/010/0146/0146 ACC NR: AP6018014 INVENTOR: Gel'man, V. A.; Zatsepina, N. B. TITLE: A highly refractory material. Class 80, No. 182040 ORG: None SOURCE: Izobreteniya, promyshlennyye obraztsy, tovarnyye znaki, no. 10, 1966, 146 TOPIC TAGS: refractory compound, refractory product ABSTRACT: This Author's Certificate introduces a highly refractory material for making heat resistant products. The material is based on artificial corundum, aluminum hydroxide and a phosphate binder. The heat resistance of finished products is increased by making the material from the following components (in wt.%): white synthetic corundum—41-47% with 0.8-1 mm grains and 32-37% with 0.03-0.05 mm grains; 9-10% aluminum hydroxide with a specific surface of 700 cm²; 6-18% orthophosphoric acid (60% concentration). SUB CODE: 11, 07/ SUBM DATE: 10Apr64 666.764.32 wc: 1/1 Card

l. Deystvitel'nyy chlen Obshchestva yestestvoispytateley. (Tatar A.S.S.R.—Rodentia) (Bones)	Study on the ecological osteology of rodents in the Tatar A.S.S.R. Uch.zap.Kaz.un.115 no.8:241-247 55. (MIRA 10:3)
	l. Deystvitel'nyy chlen Obshchastva yestestvoispytateley. (Tatar A.S.S.R.—Rodentia) (Bones)



S/190/61/003/001/016/020 B119/B216

AUTHORS:

Zataepina, T. I., Trapeznikov, A. A.

TITLE:

Strength, deformation and viscosity of solutions of acrylonitrile rubber in toluene-decalin at increased deformation rate

PERIODICAL: Vysokomolekulyarnyye soyedineniya, v. 3, no. 1, 1961, 113-121

TEXT: The present study was undertaken with a view to explaining the influence of solvents on the structure and characteristic properties of polymer solutions. Measurements were carried out on 10% solutions of CKH-18 (SKN-18) acrylonitrile rubber (component ratio of acrylonitrile: divinyl = 18:82) in various mixtures of toluene - decalin as well as in the durinyl = 18:82) in various mixtures of toluene - decalin as well as in the pure solvents. A strain gage described in (Ref. 8) was used; for the measurements. Elastic elongation, E_0 , and stress, P, were calculated by a method also given in Ref. 8. The tests were performed at strain rates ranging from 36 to 1100 sec 1. Shear strength, elongation at rupture and reversible elongation were determined. With toluene, SKN-18 forms solutions

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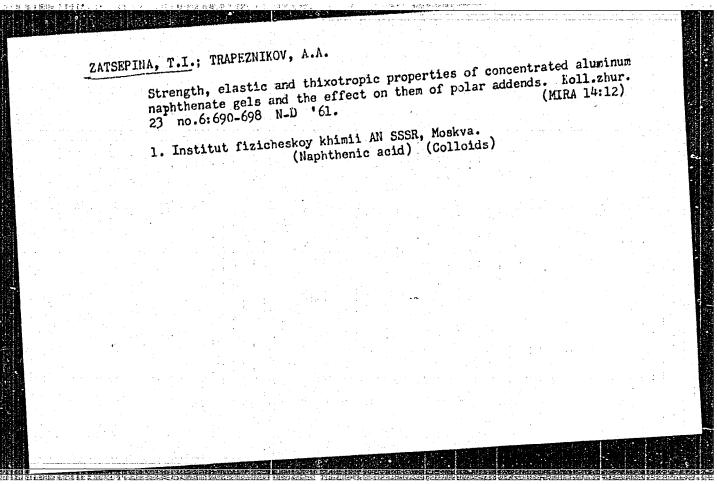
Strength, deformation and viscosity ...

of low structure and low elasticity (maximum elastic elongation 500%), strength, viscosity and low relaxation times. The presence of decalin in the solvent leads to structure formation (as a result of intermolecular interaction), causing an increase of elasticity (elastic elongation is 1400% in a solvent mixture containing 50% decalin), strength, viscosity and relaxation times. Maximum values for the above properties were obtained in a 50% decalin solvent mixture. At higher percentages of decalin the results are less favorable owing to microcoagulation. The solutions under study were of thirotropic strength. The time of thirotropic recovery increases with the content or decarin. There are 9 figures, 3 tables, and 11 references: 10 Soviet-bloc and 2 non-Soviet-bloc.

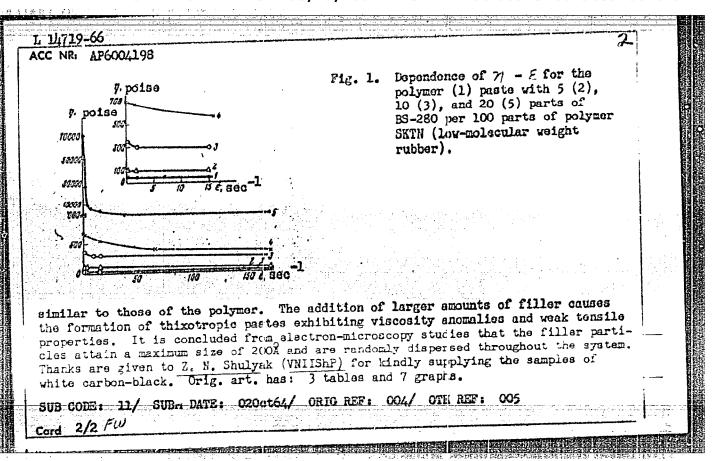
ASSOCIATION: Institut fizicheskoy khimii AN SSSR (Institute of Physical Chemistry AS USSR)

June 12, 1960 SUBMITTED:

Card 2/2



L_11/19-66 EVI (m)/EWP(J)/T/STO(m)-2 as/10/ ACC NR: AP6004198 (A) SOURCE CODE: UR/0069/66/028/001/0039/0045
AUTHORS: Zatsepina, T. I.; Trapeznikov, A. A.; Shcherbakova, R. N.
ORG: Institute for Physical Chemistry, AN SCOR Moscow (Institut fizicheskoy khimii
AN SSSR) TITLE: Rheological properties of low-molecular polymethyleilogane polymer and of
pastes derived from it
SOURCE: Kolloidnyy zhurnal, v. 28, no. 1, 1966, 39-45 TOPIC TAGS: silicon compound, siloxane, polymer, rubber, synthetic rubber, polymer
shoologg rheologic propery
ABSTRACT: The rheological properties of low-molecular weight (M = 37 000) poly-methyl siloxane polymer and of white carbon-black (BS-280) pastes derived from it methyl siloxane polymer and of white carbon-black as described by A. A. Trepeznikov,
were studied. The experimental problem of the tensile strength and Viscos- (Valloide th. 21, 108, 1959). The dependence of the tensile strength and Viscos-
ity of the polymer and pastes as a later are presented in graphs and tables tration was determined. The experimental results relacity interval - of 0.17 -
(see Fig. 1/. 10 was found shall be seened introduction of filler, up
20 wt percent, 1-ads to formation of summary, mrs: 532.135:541.182
Card 1/2



ZATSEPTNA-DIZERTIISKATA, T. S.,

V. A. Karnitskii and <u>T. S. Zatsepina-Dizertinskaia</u>, The appearance of intensive movement of mercury globules on uncovered mercury by microanalytical examination. p. 2049.

We recommend this qualitative chemical reaction especially as being the most vivid, for proving the presence of traces of moreury in objects.

Chair of General Chemistry Rostov State Medical Institute June 15, 1947

SO: Journal of General Chemistry (USSR) 28, (80) No. 12, (1948)

ZATSEPINA-DIZERTINSKAYA, T. S.

Karintskiy, V. A. and Zatsepins-dizertinskaya, T. S. "The phenomenon on intensive movement of the mercury bulb during microanalystic reaction of exposed mercury," Spornik nauch trudov (Rost. n/D gos. med. in-t), Vol. VIII, 1948, p. 55-57

So: U-2888, Letopis Zhurnal'nykh Statey, No. 1, 1949

ZATSEPINA-DIZERTHISKAYA, T. S.

"Phenomenon of Rapid Movement in Mercury Globules during Microanslytical
Reaction of Freeing Mercury," Zhur. Obshch, Khim., 17, No. 12, 1948.

Mbr., Chair General Chemistry, Rostov-on Don, State Med. Inst., -c1948-.

Karnitskiy, V. A., Zatsepina-Dizertinskaya, T. S., "Phenomenon of Mercury Globules During Microanalytical Reaction of Freeing Mercur (Chair of Gen Chem, Rostov State Med Inst)	39 (2)		
SO: Journal of General Chemistry, (Zhurnal Obshchei Khimii), 1948	, Volume	10, (100,0)	<u>.</u> :
So: Journal of deneral officers			. •
No. 12			
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SKINDER, I.B., kand.tekhn.nauk; ZATSERKOVNYY, I.G.

Theoretical and experimental investigation of the mass distribution factor for the LAZ-695B motorbus. Avt.prom. 30 no.2:9-12 F '64. (MIRA 17:4)

1. Gosudarstvennyy soyuznyy ordena Trudovogo Krasnogo Znameni nauchno-issledovatel'skiy avtomobil'nyy i avtomotornyy institut i L'vovskiy avtobusnyy zavod.

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ZATSEV, V.F.

Flies of the genus Conophorus Meig. (Diptera, Bombyliidae) in the fauna of Transcaucanis. Ent. oboz. 39 no.3:713-724 '60. (MIRA 13:9)

1. Zoologicheskiy institut Akademii nauk SSSR, Leningrad. (Transcaucasia--Bee flies)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/15/2001

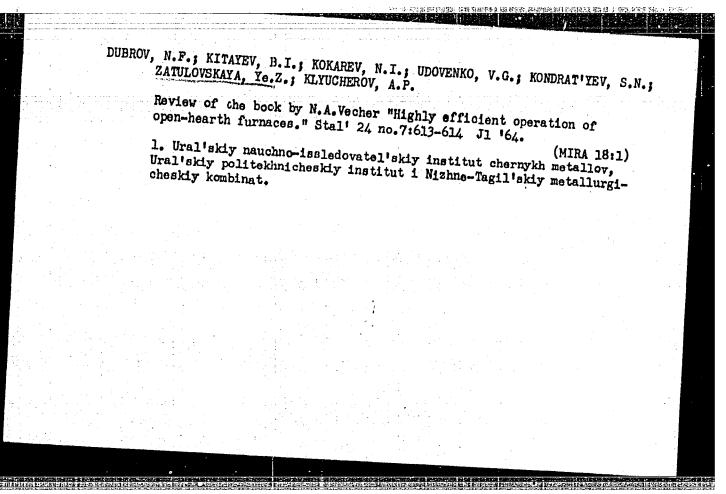
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Accessory Pre-Cambrian xenotime in the region of the Sea of Azov.
Min. abor. 18 no.2:222-226 *64. (MIRA 18:5)

1. Trest "Arlamgeologiya" Glavnogo upravleniya geologii i okhrany nedr pri Sovete Ministroy Ukrssr.

Course of pregnancy and labor after thrombophlebitis of the deep femoral vein. Akush. i gin. no.1:110-112 '63. 1. Iz otdeleniya patologii beremnnesti (zav. - prof. S.M. Bekker) Instituta akusherstva i ginekologii (dir. - chlen-korrespondent AMN SS3R prof. P.A. Beloshapko [deceased]) AMN SS3R.

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Akademiya nauk SSSR. Astronomicheskiy sovet.

Byulleten' stantniy opticheskogo nablyudeniya inkusatvennykh sputnikov Zemli, ro. 6. (Bulletin of the Stations for Optical Observation of Artificial Earth Satellites. No. 6) Moscow, 1959. 23 p. 500 copies printed.

Sponsoring Aconoy: Astronomichaskiy sovet Akademii nauk SSSR.

Rcsp. Ed.: Ye. Z. Gindin; Secretary: O. A. Severnaya.

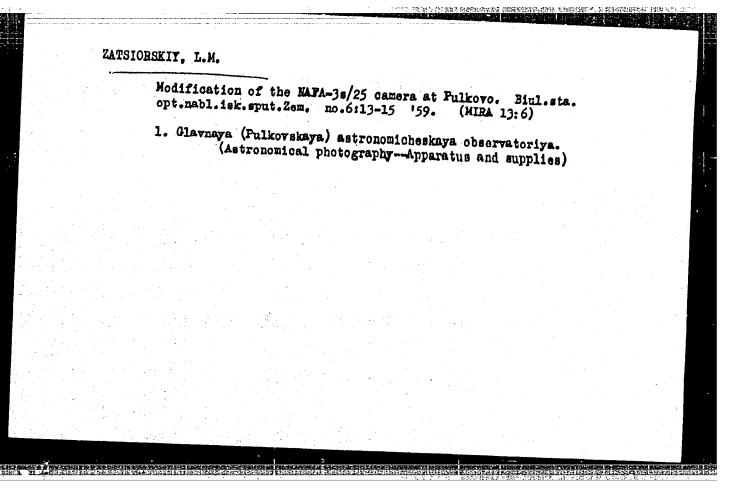
PURPOSE: This bulletin is intended for nationists and engineers concerned with optical tracking of artificial statellites.

COVERAGE: The bulletin contains 9 articles which present the results of satellite observations, and describe methods and specific equipment used for photographic observation of earth satellites. An appendix contains a listing of 84 Soviet satellite observation stations with station number. No personalities Card 1/6

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Determining lags of a standard camera and a recording chronograph. Biul.sta.opt.nabl.isk.sput.Zem. no.917-9
159. (MIRA 13:3)

1. Glavnaya (Pulkovskaya) astronomicheskaya observatoriya AN SSSR.

(Astronomical photography)

ZATSEPINA. L.P.; SHAKHPARONOV, M.I.

Investigating the degree of depolarization and intensity of Rayleigh scattering in methyl alcohol - benzene and methyl alcohol - o-xylene solutions. Vest. Mosk. un. Ser. 3: Fiz., astron. 15 no. 4:9-17 J1-Ag 160.

(MIRA 13:9)

1. Kafedra fizicheskoy khimii Moskovskogo universiteta.
(Organic compounds--Optical properties)
(Light--Scattering)

OSININA, O.G.; ZATULOVSKIY, L.V.

Determining the temperature of flue gases in the transfer line of pipe tills. Nefteper. i neftekhim. no.2:16-18 *63. (MIRA 17:1)

1. Kuybyshevskiy industrial nyy institut.